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Psychological Database For Brain Impairment Treatment Efficacy

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Target Area: Memory Impairments

Raskin & Sohlberg (1996) <i>Journal of Head</i>	SCED score - to be confirmed
Trauma Rehabilitation 11(3): 32-49	
Method/Results	Rehabilitation Program
Design:	Aim: To improve performance accuracy on the Prospective
 Study type: SSD. ABAB variant, with replication across participants. Participants: Two males (age 25 and 27 years) 	Memory Screening (PROMS) test. Materials: None.
slightly over one year post TBI. Prospective memory	
ability less than 10 minutes.	Treatment plan:
> Setting: Outpatient neuropsychology clinic.	> Duration : Not clearly specified.
	Procedure: Phases A and B represent active treatment
Target behaviour measure/s:	phases (A=treatment that will influence Target Variable;
Performance accuracy on Prospective Memory	B=treatment that will not influence Target variable). Up to
Screening (PROMS) test.	two sessions per week are given in phase A (number of sessions per week in phase B not specified) Target variable
Primary outcome measure/s:	measured prior to first A phase (5 times), once between
Rivermead Behavioural Memory Test.	each phase, and once after the second B phase.
> PASAT.	> Content:
> Attention Process Test.	 Phase A consisted of training on prospective memory
> Tower of Hanoi.	tasks
California Verbal Learning Test.	 Phase B consisted of training on retrospective memory tasks (see paper for details).
Result : Treatment improves performance on the PROMS	
and there is some evidence that there is generalization	
to everyday tasks. Data was graphically presented but not statistically analysed.	